

## No 29

Advertise in THE PROGRESS

## Could Not Agree.

Toronto, May 4.—Negotiations for the amalgamation of the Canada Land and National Investment Company, the London and Canada Loan and Agency company and the Building and Loan association have fallen through. The proposed amalgamation, therefore, will not take place; and the respective companies will still transact business as individual institutions. The first notice of the proposal was made through the press on Monday, March 6th last. The shareholders were then notified that application would be made to the government for authorization of the amalgamation so that the fullest opportunity might be given for the consideration of the project. It was decided then to leave matters in the hands of the general committee. For the London and Canadian company; G. R. Cockburn, president; Thomas Long, vice-president; and T. R. Wood, for the Canada Land and Loan Association; John Hoskin, G. C. vice-president; and Andrew Rutherford, for the Building and Loan, L. W. Smith, vice-president; A. J. Somerville and G. S. Gowski. These gentlemen have held several meetings since the notice was given, but have failed to arrive at any satisfactory agreement. At the last meeting the Canada Land and National Investment company withdrew from the negotiations, the proposed terms of amalgamation not being as favorable to that company as desired. It was, therefore, dissolved, and the members reported to their respective companies the closing of the negotiations. At the present time there is no intention of reopening the question.

## Now About Par.

London, May 4.—For the first time in the history of the C. P. R. the stock of that company sold above par yesterday; sales were made on the London stock exchange at 101 1/2.

## Trees for Manitoba.

Ottawa, May 7.—An order in council has been passed providing that "Dakota cottonwood," otherwise called "Necklace Poplar," (Populus Monstifera) when grown and shipped from the state of North and South Dakota shall be exempt from the operators of the San Jose scale act for a period of six weeks from 1st day of May, 1899. All importations of the said "Dakota cottonwood," otherwise called "Necklace Poplar," shall be permitted to be entered at the customs port of Brandon in the province of Manitoba only.

## Injured in a Collision.

Winnipeg, May 6.—The construction train for the Southwestern road was leaving the C. P. R. yards yesterday when a slight accident occurred. A box car, standing on one of the tracks was struck by the locomotive and a severe shaking up for the occupants of the Southwestern engine was the result. Several of the men, including R. McKenzie, R. Cade and others, received nasty cuts and bruises on their heads but none of the injuries are serious.

## To Sue for \$15,000,000.

Seattle, Wn., May 5.—A syndicate of 86 aliens, excluded from Altim, has been formed to bring suit against the Canadian government for \$15,000,000. The damages are claimed for property loss by the exclusion of plaintiffs from the famous mining district. Each alien claims \$175,000 damages, as a fair estimate of the profits they would have gained by the development of their properties.

## OVERDIPLOMATIC.

Poor Old Meekton Gets Into Trouble Once More.

Mr. Meekton was gazing at his wife with that naive and amiable fixity which comes into a man's face when he has been nipped and is ashamed of the fact.

"Leonidas!" she said sternly.

"What is it my dear?" he inquired as he straightened himself up in his sleepy bellow chair.

"What is the matter?"

"Nothing is the matter," he said, growing red in the face. "I haven't thought that there was anything wrong, have I?"

"No. But you have been behaving rather queerly. Just now you gave a little start and exclaimed, 'Yes, Henrietta, I agree with you perfectly!'"

"Well," answered he apprehensively, "there isn't anything in that to take exception to, is there?"

"Are you sure you meant it?"

"Every word of it."

"You had given the matter due consideration before you spoke?"

"Certainly. Do you doubt me, Henrietta?"

"Oh, no. But I can't help attaching some significance to the fact that I hadn't uttered a word during the ten minutes previous to your enthusiastic endorsement of my sentiments."

"Well, to tell the truth, Henrietta, I had been asleep and something woke me, and I naturally supposed—that is to say, I took it for granted"—And then he gave it up.



AN OLD MAN'S DARLING.  
BY MRS. ALICE MCGILL

## CHAPTER VIII.

When Bannell arrived in New York the day after her interview with the child, she found her uncle's time waiting for her at the depot. Mrs. Arnold, though she would gladly have cast the girl off, was too much afraid of the world's detour to carry her wishes into effect. She determined, therefore, that society should have no occasion to accuse her of failing in kindness to her husband's orphan niece. She knew well what disappointment and even a contrary course would have entailed, for the beautiful daughter of the famous General Vero, though she had not yet been formally introduced to society, was widely celebrated for her grace and beauty, and her debut, while she had been considered, her uncle's house had been anticipated with much interest. Of course her brilliant condition was well known to a great difference in the eyes of the noble world of fashion, but still Mrs. Arnold knew nothing could deprive Bannell of the position of birth and rank. The young mother who had died in giving her birth, had been one of the proud and well-born Arnolds. Her father, a gay and gallant soldier, though he had unduly dissipated her mother's fortune, had yet left her a splendid heritage that would carry her through life. Her father, in the annals of his country, had been one of the proud and well-born Arnolds. Her father, a gay and gallant soldier, though he had unduly dissipated her mother's fortune, had yet left her a splendid heritage that would carry her through life. Her father, in the annals of his country, had been one of the proud and well-born Arnolds. Her father, a gay and gallant soldier, though he had unduly dissipated her mother's fortune, had yet left her a splendid heritage that would carry her through life.

She looked at her with a smile, and said: "You need not be jealous of her youth and beauty any more, Felise." And Mrs. Arnold consented to her daughter. "She has changed almost beyond recognition. Did you ever see such a child?"

Felise Herbert, hovering over the bright girl that burned on the marble floor, looked up angrily.

"Mother, you talk like a fool!" she said, scornfully. "How can you fail to see that she is more beautiful than ever? She only looked like a great deal before with her pink cheeks and long curls. Now with that new expression that has come into her face, she looks like a haunting picture. One could not forget such a face. And mourning is perfectly becoming to her blonde complexion, while my olive skin is rendered perfectly hideous by it. I see no reason why I should spend my days by wearing black for a girl that was no relation of mine, and whom I cordially hate!"

Mrs. Arnold said that Felise was in a passion, and she began to grow nervous accordingly. Felise, if that were possible, was a worse woman than her mother, for she possessed an iron will. She was the power behind the throne before when Mrs. Arnold trembled in fear and bowed in adoration.

She hastened to console the angry girl.

"I think you are mistaken, my dear," she said. "I cannot see a vestige of pettiness left. Her hair is gone, her color has faded, and she never seems now to show the dimples that people used to call so distracting. There are few that would give her a second glance. Besides, what is beauty without wealth?"

You know in our world it simply counts for nothing. She can never rival you as a second hand that it is known that she has no money, and that you will be my heiress."

The sudden commencement of Felise began to grow brighter at the latter conclusion.

"As to the black," pursued Mrs. Arnold, "of course you and I know that it is a mere sham; but then, Felise, it

is necessary to make that much concession to the opinion of the world. How they would cavil if you failed in that mark of respect to the memory of your grandfather!"

"That is one question," said Felise, brightening up, "I can lay it aside with in a year."

"And then, no doubt, you will don the bridal robe as wife of the millionaire, Colonel Carlyle," Mrs. Arnold rejoined, with an air of great satisfaction.

"Perhaps so," said her daughter, chuckling over again; "but you need not be so sure. He has not proposed yet."

"But he will soon," asserted the widow, confidently.

"I expected he would do so until now," said Felise, sharply. "The old dotard appeared to admire me very much; but since Bannell Vero has returned to thank her baby-brother before him, his fickle fancy may turn to her."

A pretty face can make a fool of an old man, you know."

"We must keep her in the background, then," said Mrs. Arnold, reassuringly. "Not that I am the least apprehensive of danger, my dear, but since your fears take that direction he shall not see her until all is secure, and you must bring him to the point as soon as possible."

"I have done my best," said Felise, "but he hovers on the brink, apparently afraid to take the leap. I cannot understand such dawdling on the part of one who has already married two wives. He cannot be afflicted with timidity."

"We must give him a hint that I shall settle fifty thousand dollars on you the day you marry," said her mother.

"I have heard that he is very anxious," said Felise, with a smile. "It is common vice of age and infirmity. He fears you will spend his wealth too freely."

"And so I will, if I get a chance," said Felise, coarsely. "I have been stung all my life by the stepfather who hated me. Let me but become Mrs. Colonel Carlyle, and I assure you I will give it right royally."

"You would become the position very much," said the admiring mother, "and I shall be very proud of my daughter's graceful ease in spending her husband's millions on her."

Miss Herbert's proud lips curled in a smile. She arose and began to pace the floor restlessly, her eyes shining with pleased anticipation of the day which she hoped was not far distant when she would marry the rich man whose wealth she coveted, and become a queen in society. She looked around her at the splendor and elegance of her mother's dressing-room with dissatisfaction and resolved that her own should be far more luxurious and costly. Her attire more extravagant, and her diamonds more splendid. She was tired of reigning with her mother. She wanted to rule over a kingdom of her own.

Felise had no more heart than a stone. She thought only of self, and felt not the first emotion of gratitude to the mother who had adored and planned for her all her life. All she desired was unlimited wealth and the power to rule in her own right.

"Miss Felise, I have caught a beau at last," Bannell called out to her, as she brushed the soft locks of her mistress. She had been having a hasty chat with Miss Herbert's maid since her arrival that day, and had gathered a good deal of gossip in the servants' hall.

"Indeed?" asked Bannell, languidly, "what is his name, Lucy?"

"He is a Colonel Carlyle, miss; a very old man, Janet do say, but worth his millions. He have married his two wives already, I hear, and Miss Herbert is like to be a third one. I wish my boy of her days knows what her temper is!"

"You need not speak so, Lucy," said Bannell, reprovingly, to the maid who was happy to be far ahead of her grammar. "I dare say Janet gives her cause to indulge in temper sometimes."

"Lord! Miss Bannell," said Lucy. "Janet is as mild as a dove, but Miss Felise, she have shipped Janet's mouth twice and sends her day in and day out Janet with the Colonel Carlyle's wife, I hear, and she gets her."

"It will quiet, Lucy, my head, indeed," said Bannell, thinking it very improper for the girl to discuss her superior's affairs so freely, she therefore dismissed the subject and thought no more about it, little dreaming that it was one portentous of evil to herself.

Felise need not have troubled herself with the fear of Bannell's rivalry. The young girl was only too willing to be kept in the background. In the season when Mrs. Arnold deemed it proper

to observe after their doubtful and tragic betrothal they received but few visitors and Bannell was glad that her recent illness was considered a sufficient pretext for denying herself to even these few. Some there were, a few old friends and one or two having schematics, who refused to be denied and whom Bannell reluctantly admitted, but these few found her so changed in appearance and broken in spirit that they went away marveling at her present grief for the note which the world blamed very much, because she had failed to provide for her as became her birth and position.

But while the world censured Mrs. Arnold's neglect of her, Bannell never blamed her uncle by word or thought. She believed what he had told her on the memorable evening of his death. It had provided for her, she knew, and the will, perhaps, had been lost. What had become of it she could not conjecture, but she was far from regretting her place to anyone. The thought never entered her mind. She was too proud and innocent herself to suspect evil in others, and the overwhelming horror of her uncle's tragic death still haunted over her spirit to the utter exclusion of all other cares save one, and that one a rare, some trial that it needed all her energies to endure, the silence of Leslie Dane and her anxieties regarding his fate for still the days waned and he failed to answer her to the sick heart that waited in prescient suspense for a sign from the loved and lost one.

Strange to say, she had never learned the fatal truth, that Leslie Dane stood charged with her uncle's murder, and that justice was still on the alert to discover his whereabouts. During her severe and nearly fatal illness all approach to the subject of the murder had been prohibited by the careful physician, and on her convalescence the news papers had been excluded from her sight, and the subject reduced to a mere guess. She had forgotten the very charge of Felise Herbert and her trial that fatal night which she had so indignantly refuted. Now she was spared the knowledge that the malignity of the two women had succeeded in fixing the crime on the innocent hand of the man she loved. Had Bannell known that fact she would have left Mrs. Arnold's roof, although starvation and death had been the inevitable consequence. But she did not know, and so moped and pined in her chamber, fearful and utterly despairing, oblivious to the fact that she was doing what Felise most desired in this secluding herself.

(To be continued.)

## Confessed It Himself.

Fuddy—Heckle complains that after all his labor in behalf of the public he gets nothing for it.

Duddy—And that's more than he deserves. Nothing is too good for him. I have heard him say so himself.—Boston Transcript.

## Bought on Him.

"Oh, I don't want to get it!" said the man who had been told for selling tainted butter. "And I guess I can stand it. But it does seem kinder hard to have been fired by a judge with dyed whiskers!"—Indianapolis Journal.

## The Weary House Hunter.

I would not move in winter. When the ground is white with snow I would not move in summer. When the sun is scorching the town. When the dust is thick wherever one goes to sit down. One would not move in autumn. When the leaves begin to fall. And, in fact, if I could help it, I would never move at all.

—New York World.

## Like Makes Like.

"That last bit of perfection you sold me was very bad," said a man.

"Well," replied the dealer handsly, "you know the Havana crop has been poor for the last three years!"—Philadelphia North American.

## Everything Comes.

"Glad getting for the marriage?" he asked a man who was going to marry. "To learn his neighbor's ways and means?"

"Well, what are the returns?"

As one whose good did lack the ring of true, exclamation plus.

The wife said, "Oh, everything! They all come back to me!"

—Edinburgh Dispatch.

## Papa's Idea.

"Pa, what is a hero?"

"A hero is a man who tries to read a newspaper in the same room with a boy about your size."



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## THE FASHION PLATE.

Costumes of dark military red cloth have out of a very delicate tint of cameo pink drop do chic, fastened with small ruby buttons.

"Street heliograph" reappears among fashionable spring shades, and is now warranted to stand the test of sunshine rather than the original dyes in this tint.

The pretty Scotch blue in cloth is relieved with white vicuna accessories and silver braids or soft dots or cream-colored cloth with little gold brand button loops and tiny gold buttons.

Point d'esprit, with its dotted surface, will strongly rival chiffon and mousseline de soie, both as an accessory in the making of a dress, and as a fabric for entire gowns over silk or satin.

One of the new shirt waists has pointed shoulder straps, trimmed with linen braid, and a little collar one broad point down the front with a number of fuchs or a few scanty shirtings each side and a pointed yoke back.

Beige, tan, fawn, friar's gray, biscuit, dove color, very pale sage green, chamais, almond, café au lait, rust, russet shades and tawny browns are all notably popular tints among the season's handsome light-weight tailor clothes.

The new skirt models display a variety in shapes and decorations to suit every figure, but the habitlike outline and effect below the waist are universal, whatever may be the disposal of textiles and trimmings on the upper half of the skirt.

The closely fitted open-fronted princess dress, curving away at the sides over a plain petticoat front and cut almost as high at the back as the underskirt, is especially becoming to short women, who need the effect of long straight lines.

On some waists there is a yoke at the back with tucks (like the front) laid horizontally and machine stitched in a color matching the embroidery. On others applied bands of lace laid in curving lines down the back and with narrow tucks between when the waist is designed for a very slender person.

Port Mulgrave, June 5, 1897. C. C. RICHARDS & CO.

Dear Sirs.—MINARD'S LINIMENT is my remedy for colds, etc. It is the best liniment I have ever used.

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## CURTAIN RAISERS.

Miss Laura Burt has quit "A Dangerous Maid."

Willie Edouin returns to this country at an early date.

Ellen Terry has revived Tom Taylor's "Plot and Passion."

George Wilson, the minstrel, has filed a voluntary application in bankruptcy.

Dr. Osmond Carr has become the sole owner of the Ross Opera company.

Edna May is to sing Lillian Russell's part in London in "An American Beauty."

Fanchon Mitchell, a daughter of Maggie Mitchell, will go on the stage next season.

Eleanora Duse will come to America for several months with three new pieces by Gabriel d'Annunzio.

Jessie Millard has signed to continue next season as leading lady with the Empire theater stock company.

Clement Scott's book, "The Drama of Yesterday and Today," will be published. It will cover the period from 1841 to 1900.

Arthur W. Pinero's new comedy, soon to be mounted by John Lane at the London Globe theater, will be called "The Day After Tomorrow."

John Glendinning, the original Laundress in the New York production of "Trilby," will support Miss Wallis in her tour of the English provinces.

The Chinese opera "San Lin," founded on Chester Bailey Fernald's "The Cat and the Chorus," has been produced at Berlin, Germany, with much success.

A new play, "The Poverty of Helios," by Ernest Hendrie and Metcalfe Wood, which they may present here next season.

William Courtright, who will seek complete success in the Lyceum theater company, will leave that organization at the close of this season.

## "SKIM MILK" BLOOD

Skim Milk may be as pure as cream, but it does not contain the same amount of nourishment. People dose themselves with weakening purgatives and sarsaparillas with the idea that they are purifying the blood, when in reality their blood is pure, but thin, weak, and watery. What they really need is a restorative to enrich the blood.

## DR. CHASE'S NERVE FOOD

Changes the thin, weak, "skim milk" blood into the rich, red, "creamy" blood which nourishes and sustains the body in health and happiness. If you are pale, thin, and weak, suffering the results of thin blood and exhausted nerves and the run down condition of spring, build up the system by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. It is the greatest of spring restoratives, and a few weeks' treatment with this great food cure, in pill form, will give new life, new vitality, and new hope and confidence. Fifty cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmansons, Bates & Co., Toronto.





## THE PROGRESS,

Weekly paper devoted to local and general news. Published every Thursday morning by

ROSCOE E. LAW.

THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1899.

### ARBOR DAY AND TREE PLANTING.

Some years have passed since one day in the year was set apart by Provincial and Territorial governments of Canada to devote especially to tree planting. Many more years, however, have passed since the great importance of tree planting was first recognized in Canada. In the east where the land was once covered with vast forests, a reckless denudation has taken place and it is within the power of the older settlers in many places to describe from their own experience and observation the changes that have taken place through this wholesale clearing up. Thanks to the good sense and foresight of private individuals and the activity of some of the local governments, a check has been placed upon the ravages made, and the damage partly repaired by liberal planting of trees.

Owing to the difficulty of promoting growth and the short season for farming, the western agriculturists have not taken the matter up as readily and earnestly as should be. They do not realize the immense advantages likely to accrue from avenues and groves upon a farm.

Trees add materially to the saleable value of a farm. They conserve moisture, temper winds, help to check floods and increase the aesthetic beauty of a homestead.

The trees that have proved most satisfactory for this country are the Ash-leaved Maple or Box Alder, the Ash, the Soft Maple, the Elm, the American Mountain Ash, Poplar, Cottonwood, and Aspen. The first has two or three defects as a shade tree, viz., its tendency to develop saplings, its short life and its small size when matured. On the other hand it is a rapid grower and forms an excellent wind-break and protection for slower growing and less hardy trees, until they are able to stand the heavy winds and severe climate.

In planting trees care should be taken to have the soil properly cultivated. The roots should be straightened out to their natural position and the soil should be well and closely packed around them. The trees should receive sufficient moisture and should be well protected from cattle and well braced against storms. The second year, however, is usually the most trying upon trees, since, having grown the first year and used up their reserve vitality, they are left to themselves. The roots have not sufficient growth to get the food required, and in the hot summer days they wither and die. A little attention in the way of cultivating the soil and watering will remedy this.

In town here the object of tree planting would be to furnish shelter and add to the attractiveness of the place. The fact of this section being well wooded may be an excuse to many for not beautifying our streets, but we trust some effort will be made to relieve the bare monotony of our thoroughfares. It may be argued that there is no need in such work when cattle are allowed to run at large, but it is well to do so no doubt and better still you find means to protect the trees and encourage the planter.

### RAILWAY MONOTONIES

It is indeed a hopeful sign when in Canada from coast to coast, the

newspapers are taking up the question of stricter governmental control of railways and state ownership of new lines. For years the people of the west have been crying out against the heavy burden of high freight and passenger rates coupled with the ownership by the C. P. R. of millions of acres of land free of all taxation. Never before have the people of the east realized so fully the grasp which the railway companies have upon the country, never before have the companies so boldly shown their power. The monopolistic wave now passing over Canada and the United States has stimulated them to renewed activity and to-day they maintain their position almost to the limit of defiance of governmental control. Though aided by the state in cash and land subsidies to the extent of hundreds of millions the companies persist in flagrant violations of the law.

In a recent article the Toronto Globe boldly asserts that with regard to the freight rates on the Grand Trunk and the C. P. R., while apparently returning to the old high rates of last October these companies have a secret agreement with the Standard Oil Co. by which a rebate is granted making the cost of carriage even less than under the arrangement of several months ago, which these lines were forced by the Railway Committee of the Privy Council to abandon.

The difficulty experienced by the Kettle River Valley Railway Co., of British Columbia, in obtaining a charter is an instance in point of the influence the C. P. R. possesses over the federal government. The Sentinel claims that the only commercial salvation of that province is state aid, and proceeds to show the advantage of competition.

It is to be hoped that the Dominion government will carry into execution their promise to give during this session, sufficient powers to the Railway Committee to deal with all questions that may arise.

### Arbor Day.

Friday, May 5th, has been set apart for the observance of Arbor Day in the Province of Manitoba. It is now several years since one day in the year was specially set apart as a national tree-planting day, and no doubt the result to many appears very discouraging. However, as a little leaven leaveneth the whole lump, so the example of a single grove a few rods of shelter belt here and there through the country has its effect, and slowly, but none the less surely, will the celebration of Arbor Day become more and more universally observed. Experience is teaching us the advantages to be derived from the shelter of a grove of trees and the benefits from a home-making standpoint; it is also teaching us what varieties of trees are best adapted for different purposes as well as the methods of cultivation and planting essential to success.

One thing is certain, there is no use trying to grow trees unless the soil is well cultivated and sufficient cultivation given to the young plantation to keep down weeds and grass and retain moisture in the ground for the nourishment for the trees. Unless the land where it is desired to have the trees is thoroughly well prepared, it will be a saving of time to postpone the planting for a year and prepare the ground; in which case Arbor Day can be as fully observed in preparing land for a future grove as in the planting of it. Elsewhere in this issue will be found interesting articles on shelter and avenue tree-planting, and also on the planting and cultivation of small-fruits.—Farmers' Advocate.

### Ash and Elm for permanent Planting.

The soft maple and cottonwood are declining in popularity as lawn and grove trees, and the ash and elm are beginning to receive the attention they deserved long ago. When with the Institute we saw fine groves of the latter varieties on the same soil where cottonwood nearly all died out. The mushroom growth of right for temporary windbreaks but should always be given a chance to replace them with permanent ones in the near future. See Wolfe, in Ft. Thompson.

### AVENUE TREES.

Three varieties of trees have been principally used for avenue-planting, and many miles of roads have been made beautiful in this district by the planting of trees on each side. The native ash-leaved maple has been mostly used for this purpose. This well known and deservedly popular tree seems especially adapted for avenue trees in this part of the province, and where the conditions are congenial thrives luxuriantly and is kept in order with a minimum amount of work. A description of the manner adopted at the Experimental Farm, of planting, cultivation, and pruning, will perhaps be found useful by many intending planters.

The trees are planted twenty feet apart and six feet from the fence where planted near a boundary. Young trees about four or five years old, of good shape, are selected. Nursery-grown trees, on account of their superior root development, are preferred. It is always best to plant the taller trees in the low places, reserving the shorter ones for the higher land. When the row is planted the trees are pruned to a uniform height, and if the same uniformity is observed in the height of their lowest branches from the ground, it will add greatly to the appearance of the whole avenue.

### CULTIVATION.

The plan of cultivation followed with unvaried good results is as follows: When the first crop of weeds have come nicely through the ground, which is about June 1st, a space of at least four feet on each side of the row of trees is plowed with a breaking plow as shallow as possible, zigzagging the trees so that all the ground is turned over. This is followed with a good harrowing with one large section of harrows, with a rope attached to steer and lift it when necessary. It should have been explained that one horse is used for both plowing and harrowing. This will not be found heavy work for one horse as the ground should have been in a high state of cultivation before the trees were planted. When the trees have become at all branching, lances that do not project above the horse's collar should be used, for obvious reasons. They are, in fact, indispensable. Later in the season it will be found advisable to go over the ground with a one horse cultivator, and perhaps give it one good hoeing, catching any weeds that may have been missed and at the same time cutting off any superfluous growth of suckers at the base of the trunk.

### PRUNING.

This operation is performed each year in July, for at this season wounds which are made heal more rapidly. The stem is kept bare to a height of about five feet—never higher than is necessary for the horse to work beneath. Pendulous and unsightly branches are cut off, and the branches likely to hang down in the future are checked. Branches of an abnormal growth are kept within bounds. Dead wood if any is of course cut away. Always keep an ideal and uniform avenue as the end in view, and try to attain it.

On an avenue a mile long twelve maple trees were found this year to be unhealthy. This was attributed to two causes. Six of the affected trees were found to be in low, undrained locations, and on digging three which eventually died their fibrous roots were found to be rotted, which was evidently the cause of death. The soil in these low places is an extremely stiff clay, which is known locally by the name of "gumbo." These trees will be replanted, and the remedy resorted to that has proved efficacious in former years, namely, making holes very much larger than required and importing soil from higher portions of the farm to fill in with, and if slightly gravelly so much the better. This procedure also applies to planting trees in alkaline soil.

The maple trees, however, will not grow in wet places, and where

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these occur it will be found well to plant some species of the willow, preferably the white willow (*Salix alba*) or sharp leaved willow (*Salix acutifolia*). These, if pruned from the start, can be trained to match the maple fairly well and will not look odd. They will thrive well in these low places, and so will often fill an unsightly gap.

The other six of these unhealthy trees were discovered to be affected by sun-scall, and in some cases the bark had split the whole length of the stem on the south side. This in itself would probably not have greatly injured the tree only in some cases the dead bark had made a receptacle for retaining the moisture, and on examination it was found to be decaying the tissues of the tree and rotting into the core and spreading upward until many of the branches were killed. The remedy that has proven beneficial for this disease is to carefully pare off all dead wood and bark until hard wood or live wood is reached, when the wound will quickly callous and heal and no evil effects will be produced. Then cut the tree well back, give the ground surrounding it a good dressing of well rotted manure, and it will soon catch up to its more thrifty neighbors. Native white spruce is another variety used extensively for avenue-planting, and has made remarkable growth, in some cases outstripping the maple in height and spread of branches with its perennial green foliage; and if planted alternately with the maple (that is, in a row twenty feet from them), breaking each joint with a spruce, a very pleasing effect is produced. The Russian poplar, known better by the name of *berceolensis* poplar, is another tree greatly used for avenue-planting. It is a fast grower, of very symmetrical form. Experience has taught us it is better not to pause this up to a bare stem, as it detracts from its beauty. It is also susceptible to the influence of dry winds and hot sun when devoid of a good covering of foliage. The most pleasing characteristic of this species is its habit of retaining its leaves very late in the season when most other trees are bare, so prolonging the season of beauty many weeks.

H. C. ROBEY, Brandon Experimental Farm.

### TENDERS WANTED.

FOR the Creamery butter milk for the ensuing season. The highest and any tender not necessary accepted. Tenders to be handed to the Secretary by May 26th.

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—:— Cutlery

STOVES

and everything in the Tin and Granite ware line.

Call and see my new get-up

Lanterns

Nothing is best in the market

Qu'Appelle Observatory.

	Maximum.	Minimum.
Wed May 3	31.	24.
Thurs. 4	33.	27.
Fri. 5	40.	31.
Sat. 6	69.	52.
Sun. 7	62.	57.
Mon. 8	69.	57.
Tues. 9	59.	43.

## WE WANT!

YOUR ASSISTANCE

## Subscribers!

To the Person Sending us . . .

\$4.50

Together With the Names of

## FOUR NEW SUBSCRIBERS

We Will Send . . .

## THE PROGRESS.

FOR ONE YEAR.

## Second Offer.

## SEND US

\$9.00

And The Names of NINE

## NEW SUBSCRIBERS.

And we Shall Give

## THE PROGRESS

To the remitter For

ONE YEAR FREE.





## STRIKE AT MONTREAL

### THE MONTREAL IRON MOULDERS QUIT WORK.

#### Strikers Determined to Hold Out—Over 2,000 Men Thrown Out of Employment.

Montreal, May 8.—There are two strikes on in the city at present, coincident with the rise in the prices of manufactured articles, and the probability is the one suggested the other. The most important is that of the iron moulders, and in the iron trade there has been a steady advance of prices for some time past. The iron moulders, who quit work Saturday morning, are still on strike, and appear determined to hold out. It is calculated that each moulder gives employment to three men, and as over 500 are on strike there must be nearly 2,000 workmen directly affected in the city. The foundries affected are thirteen, namely, the Grand Trunk, Canadian Pacific, Calsonia Iron Works, Park's foundry, Canada Switch company, W. Hodson & Co., Laurie Engine company, Gann & Co., H. R. Ives & Co., Warden, King & Son, Drummond, McCall & Co., P. Amos & Son and Beaupre foundry. Representatives of the thirteen foundries affected met at the Windsor Saturday afternoon and discussed the situation all the afternoon. They found the strike was harder on some than others, but all, even those most awkwardly situated, agreed to hold out.

#### SAFE BLOWN OPEN.

At Dresden the Canadian Bank of Commerce has \$6,000 stolen.

Dresden, Ont., May 8.—Yesterday morning between the hours of three and five o'clock the vault and safe of the Canadian Bank of Commerce here were blown open and about \$6,000 in Bank of Commerce notes taken. Securities and other papers were left undisturbed. The safe was badly shattered. There is no clue to the burglars as yet.

Drummondville, Que., May 7.—Burglars broke into the Drummond lumber company's offices at Forestville, on the International railway, during the night, blew open the safe and stole \$325 in cash. They then went to Mad-dington Falls, the next village, and stole \$125 from M. Daviluy's store. Twelve armed men started from Mad-dington Falls this morning after the burglars.

#### Defaulting B. C. Official.

Rosland, May 8.—W. S. Jones, collector of internal revenue here, is a defaulter and has left the country. Inspectors Millar and Gill are here from Vancouver investigating the matter. Jones has been absent from Rosland for about a month, but it was understood that he would return. The amount taken will exceed \$3,000. Jones' whereabouts is not known to the authorities. Investigation of the office accounts, which is now proceeding, may show a much larger default. The officials investigating this affair stated Saturday that the amount in arrears will not exceed \$1,000 and will probably be under that sum.

#### Death of Supr. Cotton.

Battleford, May 8.—Supr. John Cotton, of the N.W.M.P., died at 1:20 o'clock Friday afternoon after a long and painful illness. The deceased was taken ill with pneumonia several weeks ago. He came to this point from Prince Albert in 1894; Major Cotton married the daughter of the late Hon. T. White and after her death in Regina, he married her sister, whom he leaves without children. He went to Winnipeg on sick leave last January and since his return in February his health has been continually failing. Subsequently his illness developed into "locomotor ataxia" and other complications having set in he rapidly sank.

#### Justice in Kentucky.

Louisville, Ky., May 8.—Geo. Dinning, colored, was awarded \$50,000 damages by a jury of white men in the U.S. court yesterday afternoon. The defendants are farmers in Logan and Simpson counties. The award is the full amount sued for. Dinning killed Josie Conn, who with the defendants against whom the judgment was rendered, visited his home at midnight in January, to drive him therefrom.

#### Campbell Pleaded Guilty.

Regina, N. W. T., May 8.—Colin Campbell, the N. W. M. P. constable charged with embezzling the Canadian funds, pleaded guilty this morning. He made restitution of \$300, and was sentenced to two months' imprisonment. Other constables are believed to be implicated and further arrests will be made.

Victoria, May 8.—The jury in Howden vs. B. & N. railway gave a verdict at the trial here Saturday of \$250 damages to the plaintiff. The latter was injured last year by a car crushing him against a coal chute at Wellington, B.C.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Monday, May 8.

Geal Rhodes is the man of the hour in England.

Mrs. William C. Whitney, of New York, is to be best in Buffalo will celebrate the Queen's birthday.

Great Britain has practically taken possession of the Friendly Islands.

The Indians of Bolivia captured 120 children of the English and forced them.

McGill university will confer the honorary degree of LL.D. on Richard Kilgus.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce at Dresden was burglarized and \$7,000 secured.

William Ingalls, a notorious burglar, was killed by a policeman in Minneapolis.

Striking street car sympathizers in Detroit used dynamite and were injured.

The U. S. government has decided to withdraw its contingent of soldiers to Chukot in Alaska.

Many buildings were blown down and churches destroyed killed by a tornado in Oklahoma territory.

A deportation of Catholic Liberals which John W. Harty in Toronto asked him if he intended resigning.

Members of the Metropolitan Opera Co., touring British Columbia, were seriously injured at Fort Steele by a runaway stage.

The disorderly Indians at St. Regis were ordered to leave a satisfactory arrangement having been reached with the authorities.

The Japanese ambassador to the court of St. James, who is returning home, expressed the opinion that the U. S. anti-Japanese legislation would be disapproved.

## A ST. REGIS PARLEY.

Satisfactory Agreement Arrived at With the Indians.

Cornwall, May 8.—St. Regis Indians held a meeting at the reservation hall Saturday to hear the report of the two chiefs, John Siquan and Laurin Pike, who were sent down to Beaulieuville Friday to attend the preliminary trial of their brethren, who are now in jail and to interview the government officials present at the proceedings with a view of coming to a final settlement of the difficulty.

The meeting was presided over by Chief John Siquan. After mass at the village church Sunday, Rev. Father Bourget, parish priest, asked the tribesmen to remain and offer up litany for the souls of their departed tribesmen. John Lee, who was killed on Monday last. Prayers were offered up by the squaws in the Iroquois tongue, and responses were made by the Indians.

After the congregation dispersed Chief John Nine, the Indian pilot, called the Indians to the square in the centre of the village, as their lawyer was present and wished to make certain propositions to them with a view of putting an end to the present trouble.

Mr. Brassier, Q.C., through his interpreter, said he had come to the reservation as their legal representative to advise them as to the easiest and most satisfactory way to come to a peaceful settlement with the legal authorities. He exhorted those for whom warrants were out to submit peacefully, and to accompany him to Beaulieuville and surrender themselves to the authorities and to trust to the mercy of the law to deal leniently with them.

He promised to go to Ottawa to confer with Sir Wilfrid Laurier with a view of getting as light a punishment as possible for those found guilty. But the first move in the way of a settlement must come from the Indians, in the form of submission. Those who are wanted and were present, signified their intention of following the advice of their counsel, and after three cheers for the Queen, the Indians went back to their wigwags.

## HEADING FOR DULUTH.

The Northern Pacific Wants a Line to the Head of Navigation.

Winnipeg, May 8.—The Manitoba and Northern Pacific railway company give notice in the Manitoba Gazette of their intention to apply at the ensuing adjourned session of the legislature for incorporation with power to construct, operate and maintain a line of railway and telegraph, running from the town of Morris easterly or southeasterly to a point on the international boundary between mages 7 or 8 east and east of the first principal meridian.

It is understood that the Northern Pacific intend to build a direct line to Duluth from Morris in order to shorten their haul from this country to the head of lake navigation. At present they have to carry all freight around by Winnipeg Junction. An air line would shorten the haul one hundred miles.

Notice is also given in the Gazette that the Portage and Northwestern Railway Co. will apply at the forth coming adjourned session of the legislature for authority to extend a branch line authorized to be built northward from Portage la Prairie eight miles further north to a point at or near the waters of Lake Manitoba or to extend the said branch northwesterly or north westerly a further distance of twenty miles. The company will also seek power to construct a branch from a point on its line in the municipality of Manitoba or that of Riddle westerly or northwesterly through the municipality of Archie, or that of Ellice, or partly through the other, to the western boundary of the province.

## VANCOUVER NEWS

### THE R. M. AORANGI SAILED FOR QUEENSLAND.

#### A Sad Fatality—Five Strikers Arrested—Living on Pack Mules and Indian Dogs.

Vancouver, B.C., May 6.—The R. M. Aorangi sailed for Honolulu, Fiji and Australia yesterday, making a call at Brisbane, Queensland, for the first time under the new schedule instead of at Wellington, N.Z.

A sad fatality was brought to light yesterday. The body of Wm. Sheriff, aged 16 years, was found on the beach of the inlet with a gunshot wound in the breast near the heart. He had been out shooting kingfishers, and it is supposed that he fell over a log, his gun discharging with fatal results. The body was found two days ago, and search parties found the body below high tide mark last evening. Only a month ago his mother died of cancer, he was much attached to her.

Otto Dalling, one of the Seattle tailors imported by J. G. Campbell, has caused the arrest of five strikers, who were mixed up in the row which took place Wednesday morning. The police were ordered when the tailors appeared. They pleaded not guilty and are expected to be tried summarily. The prosecutor appeared with his head bound up with handkerchiefs and sticking plaster. J. H. Seidler, who represented him, obtained a reprieve until this afternoon.

Vancouver, May 7.—The city council has decided to send the mayor and the engineer at once to Champagne, Ill., to inspect the water sewerage plant there with a view to its adoption here.

Victoria, B.C., May 6.—The government has decided to give effect to the eight-hour law respecting metalliciferous mines, from June 15th next.

Victoria, May 7.—A mail carrier from the Upper Stikine river made a hazardous trip over crumpling ice to get relief for starving miners at Deas lake on the Ashcroft trail. He reached here today. He said all supplies and horses have been eaten and the men are now living on pack mules and Indian dogs.

Victoria, May 7.—An immense deposit of sulphur was found at Carmanah recently. The beds are fifty miles from here.

Victoria, May 7.—Bishop Christie, Roman Catholic bishop of Vancouver Island, has received official notice of his appointment as Archbishop of Oregon.

## Condensed News by Wire.

Paris, May 7.—The Martin states that a public hearing of the Dryfus case has been ordered for May 29th.

New York, May 7.—A Cleveland dispatch says a private letter received from Paris says that Rhea, the actress, is dying.

Cologne, May 7.—Cardinal Philip Kettner, archbishop of Cologne, who attained the cardinalate in 1892, is dead. He was in his eightieth year.

Hamilton, May 7.—Sommer & Evans' cotton factory, corner Sophia and Florence streets, was injured by fire last night to the extent of \$10,000.

Toronto, May 7.—Fire in the Bishopric paper box factory on Richmond street at one o'clock this afternoon did \$5,000 damage. The factory was insured.

Valparaiso, Chili, May 7.—The government has received an announcement of the wreck of a Chilean naval vessel in the straits of Magellan. No details of the catastrophe are at hand.

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New York, May 7.—A London dispatch to the Evening Journal says Lord Cadogan will retire from the viceregalty of Ireland after the visit of the Prince of Wales in August next, and that the Duke of Connaught will replace Lord Roberts in command of the chief forces in Ireland.

Toronto, May 7.—A special cable to the Globe says: Mr. Fielding's budget speech created widespread interest here. Comments on its general tenor are universally favorable, attention being principally given to his remarks regarding the failure of British manufacturers to avail themselves further of the British preference of the Canadian tariff. A widespread discussion of the point is assured. The present tendency shown by the newspapers is to blame the manufacturers for their lack of enterprise.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

Saturday, May 6.

Rhea, the actress, is dying in Paris.

The locks in Yukon river are in danger of destruction.

The corner stone of the new Brandon Methodist church was laid.

The B. C. government will give effect to the eight-hour miners' law.

The terms of Winnipeg will establish an English-German school.

No settlement has been reached in the Buffalo Grain Shovelers' strike.

Gilbert Parker provided at a dinner in London given by a literary club.

The Braganza Rugby football team defeated the Wesley's, of Winnipeg.

Joseph Miller, an actress well known in Winnipeg, is dying in a Denver hospital.

The B. C. government will carry one-ninth of the cost of the proposed Pacific Coast Young, a Canadian, is dying, thoughtlessly blazed in the Philippine's campaign.

Brandegee's and Lord's reviews show a satisfactory state of trade throughout Canada during the week.

The speech of the Canadian minister of finance created widespread interest amongst British manufacturers.

Russia has officially objected to the publication of Von Strasser, the German delegate, to the peace congress.

Mr. Clark, founder of the Christian Endeavor societies, is in Winnipeg, on his way to the Russian convention.

The railway syndicate discussed the relation of the railway to the young people at a public meeting and then adjourned.

The first experiment of telegraphing a message to the Yukon river will be made in reporting the yacht race for America cup.

An editorial council has been raised consisting of the Sun, Globe and Mail, restrictions, Dakota cottonwood, when imported into Manitoba.

## English-German School.

Winnipeg, May 7.—At a recent meeting of the German Society of Winnipeg, a committee was appointed on motion of Mr. Hugo Carstens, to test the feeling of the German residents in regard to the establishment of an English-German public school.

It is announced that an effort will be made to found such a school, in the event of a sufficiently large number of German children being found.

The committee is composed of Messrs. Heins, Strickland, P. Mohr, John Houchert, Jacob Danu, Pernitzky, Bachmann, and others.

Mr. R. A. W. Magnusson, was elected financial secretary in place of Mr. Philip Merkel, who will be absent for some time visiting Europe. Mr. Rud. Habel was chosen as secretary in Mr. Magnusson's stead.

## Portage la Prairie.

Portage la Prairie, May 7.—The Northern Pacific authorities have some thirty carloads of ties sidetracked at Headingley, White Plains, and Oakville, and it is given out here that construction on the extension of the line from here will be proceeded with immediately arrangements are completed with the province.

Another party was summoned for being an inmate of a gambling house last Saturday night. He said that the police by hiding under an office table, but it is supposed some of the sufferers on Tuesday squealed and caused the present suit.

## Committed for Trial.

Regina, May 6.—Colin Lemme Campbell, a constable in the N.W.M.P., was today committed for trial for stealing \$48 from the canten. Campbell was managing the canten last month, and the charges he received for the sales he put into his own account with the savings branch of the Bank of Montreal, and did not account for them in the canten cash book.

## Rosland Mine Suits.

Rosland, May 6.—In the Free Press, Court Star case the existence of Dr. Raymond was contradicted today and the court adjourned sine die. The details of the court order directing the adjournment and directing the question of costs incurred by the same will be settled by Justice Widdowson later. Many of the expert witnesses and the counsel engaged in the case left town.

## Officers Elected.

New York, May 6.—The 16th annual meeting of the New York chamber of commerce was held yesterday. Mr. J. K. Joseph was chosen president; J. M. Simpson, Vice President; and J. M. Simpson, Vice President.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 7.—The situation on the docks is practically unchanged. Two big freighters, the Chicago and Aurora, have been added to the large fleet of loaded vessels already here, but there are no men to man them. About twenty men are working at the Erie dock.

## 62nd Corps Probably Lost.

Providence, R. I., May 7.—Captain Thomas Chase of New England who was killed from this port for the 62nd Corps, was probably lost in the large fleet of loaded vessels already here, but there are no men to man them. About twenty men are working at the Erie dock.

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## NEWS FROM ORIENT.

### EMPEROR DOWAGER TO REVIEW 2,000,000 CHINESE SOLDIERS.

#### Dewey and the French—The Rebellion in Formosa Not Yet Ended—The Demands of Russia.

Vancouver, May 5.—Recent Chinese advice received here say that the Dowager Empress is to hold a grand review in Peking in June. Nearly 2,000,000 well armed men will be under arms on the occasion. It is more than likely that an opportunity will be taken to put in the new emperor at the celebration.

The delimitation of territory leased by the Russians in Manchuria and the Jiao-Tung peninsula is not yet completed as the demands of the Russians have a tendency to grow.

Admiral Dewey has been showing the French how to behave. Manila papers say that when the French cruiser Jean Bart came in she gave Admiral Dewey the rear admiral's salute. The admiral ordered the salute to be returned exactly as given and then an order on him to call their attention to the now paramount, which seems to have escaped their notice.

The rebellion in Formosa is not yet at an end. The cause which seems to be bringing this storm to a head is the intolerable taxes which a re said to be imposed on the people. The worst of it is these taxes are too much in the hands of Chinese mandarins who seize the opportunity of punishing their enemies and rewarding their friends for a consideration. Hence there is a vast amount of injustice administered about which the authorities know nothing.

The Japanese punitive expedition is still in South Formosa, putting down the rebellion. Hong Kong papers say that, as usual, a comparatively small number of real banditti were killed. Those who suffered most were the respectable plebeians, who have made good subjects.

## TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

Scranton, Pa., May 5.—Geo. K. Van Horn, the murderer of Mrs. Josephine Wescott, was hanged here today. Van Horn met his fate calmly.

London, May 5.—Among those presented to the Duke of Connaught at Friday's levee was Lieut. Col. J. R. Maclean, commanding officer of the Duke of York's Royal Canadian Hussars of Montreal. He was presented by Gen. Sir Evelyn Wood, V. C.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 5.—As a result of a feud, Arthur and R. Kition were waylaid and killed from ambush by Wm. Osborne, in Union county. Osborne fled to the mountains and officers started in pursuit.

Chicago, May 5.—Miss Julian Dent, grand daughter of General Fred Grant, is engaged to Prince Cantacuzov of Russia, late military attaché of his country's embassy at Rome. General Grant has confirmed it.

Cornwall, Ont., May 4.—The door of the safe of the Ottawa and New York railway here was blown off last night and \$300 in cash secured. It is said that men, answering the description of Fare and Holden, the escaped Xanadu bank robbers, had been seen in the back country and it is thought the job may have been done by them.

Bristol, Eng., May 3.—Mrs. Emma Marshall, the novelist, is dead. Mrs. Marshall's writings were historical in character, the scenes usually being laid in the cathedrals of the southwest of England. Among her best known novels are "Under Salubrious Spire," "Penrhyn Castle," and her latest work "Better Love Than Never."

Wardner, Idaho, May 5.—One hundred and four prisoners, captured by regulars, are under guard in a barn that has been turned into a jail for their detention. Among them are many ringleaders in the organization. Most of the chief dynamiters, however, are now getting out of the country, but their capture is believed to be only a matter of time.

San Francisco, May 5.—The local postoffice officials yesterday seized some of the pamphlets sent out by Edward Atkinson, vice-president of the anti-imperialist league of Boston. The pamphlets are addressed to Admiral Dewey, General and Other General Miller, and Professors Schurman and Worcester, members of the Philippine commission.

Vienna, May 5.—The Volks Zeitung says that Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria has commenced suit against his father-in-law, the Duke of Parma, for refusing, since the death of Princess Marie, wife of Prince Ferdinand, to pay the annuity fixed in the marriage contract, on the ground that Prince Ferdinand had violated the contract by having Prince Boris, his son, baptized into the Orthodox church.

## Ponten's Trial.

Toronto, May 5.—Ponten's trial will be resumed today on an account of the illness of E. R. Blair, and partly on account of the escape of Fare and Holden. Nothing definite has been heard of the convicts.





## LOCAL NEWS

POTATOES WANTED. Highest prices paid at C. T. Bailey & Co's.

### Moved.

Miss Hudson moved into Belattee Bungalow last week, on its being vacated by the former owner, Mr. J. H. Boyce.

### Mission Band.

The Methodists have decided to form a Mission Band in connection with their Church.

### Tax Sale.

The sale of lands in the Municipality of South Qu'Appelle will be held (as advertised) on Saturday, the 20th of this month.

### Government Reports.

We have received from Ottawa the Auditor General's and other reports but through stress of work have been unable to do more than glance at the covers. We hope to examine them more fully in the future and may find some matter interesting to our readers therein.

### Presbytery.

A pro tem meeting of Regina Presbytery was held in the Presbyterian Church here yesterday. There were present Messrs. Carmichael, Muirhead, Robson, McAffee, Farrer, Matheson, Dobbin, and McKenzie, ministers, and Messrs. Rothwell and Brown, elders.

### Creamery.

The creamery will commence operations for the season on Tuesday May 22nd, hence cream should be in on the 20th. Cans may be procured from the factory on Friday 19th. As the patrons are hauling their own cream this season, each patron will net at least 2 cents per pound more than would be realized were the old system of hauling continued.

### Bicycle Club.

Nowadays nearly every town has its bicycle club. By the time all the orders already given have been filled there will be quite a showing of bicycles in Qu'Appelle Station. There will certainly be enough riders to form a very good club, if all joined together to form one. Some have thought it would be well to call a meeting to consider the advisability of forming a club in town. All interested are therefore requested to attend such a meeting in the Leland Hotel sample room on Monday, at 8 p. m.

### Sad News.

The following item clipped from the Guelph Mercury of April 13, and forwarded us by a correspondent may prove of interest to the many sympathizing friends of Mr. Findlay who was injured in the polo match last summer: "Each heart knows its own bitterness, and for every life their comes a day when it seems as if the sun of happiness will never shine again. The saddest thing that has come to my notice, for some time, is the melancholy result of the accident that occurred last summer when young Findlay, late of the O. A. C. was seriously injured in a game of polo at Qu'Appelle. N. W. T. During his stay here Mr. Findlay was a universal favorite with all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. He was a singularly level-headed young fellow and one who was sincerely devoted to the work on which he had entered. Each one who knew him predicted for him a successful future; he was regarded as one who would be an acquisition to any neighborhood in which he might be called upon to reside. He was a hard worker; he was also one who took a keen delight in wholesome, manly sport. It is pitiable to think that such an over-achieving man has overtaken one in whom all felt a warm interest. Life is indeed filled with sadness, and one of the saddest events that I know of is a warm, generous nature and a fine intellect shattered in the twinkling of an eye, doomed to waste itself away within the walls of an insane asylum."

NEW MATCH SUPPLY AT C. T. BAILEY & CO'S

### PERSONALS.

Hon. G. H. V. Bulver was in town on business on Friday of last week.

The Misses Boyce left on Friday last for Toronto. They will make all arrangements for their parents' appearance this week.

Major Turner who has been visiting at Leighton Farm continued his trip on Friday.

R. S. Smith, of Fort Qu'Appelle, was in town last Friday.

T. W. Asplin, Assiniboine Reserve Indian Agent, was in town last week.

Major McGibbon, Inspector of Indian Reserves, was in town on Friday of last week.

Miss Turnbull, of England, spent a few days in town last week as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rowe Harvey, Leighton Farm.

Rev. Mr. Hutton, of London, England, is visiting his son Mr. E. B. Hutton.

The Baptists will hold a special service in McLean's Hall on Sunday evening at 7 o'clock.

### Edgeley Echoes.

From our own correspondent.

Mr. Henry Craig left last week for a trip through British Columbia and the west generally. He will be much missed in football and social circles, still we wish him a most pleasant time, and hope he may return in the near future, better satisfied than ever with this part.

Mr. Henry Lee, while working on his land last week had the misfortune to hurt one of his horses very severely, straining the leg of the animal so much that it is now quite useless. We hope the beast will soon recover, as this is the time when all available horse-flesh is in great demand.

Some of our young ladies are now going into the bicycle business, they having purchased wheels, and others intending to do the same. Bloomers, of the latest style, cut, and make, will be all the rage.

Mr. W. F. Matthews had the misfortune last Saturday to lose a valuable horse from the disease which is now prevalent. She was a handsome mare and her loss will be keenly felt by Mr. Matthews, especially as he was busy preparing his land for crop.

A number of the young people of the district gathered at the home of T. J. Wilson last Friday to "surprise" the new house. A pleasant time was spent in games, etc., till quite late in the evening, after which the company dispersed to their several homes.

Rev. Mr. Galley preached an admirable sermon last Sabbath, to the children especially on the necessity of purity of life. He treated the subject under these heads: purity of thought, purity of words or language and purity of deeds or actions. To promote the first, he urged the necessity of selecting choice and pure literature, also the value of choosing associates who will influence for good. To promote purity of words or language, he advised, as one means, that lying, slander, backbiting, and blasphemy should not enter into our relation with others. In the last place the Reverend gentleman spoke against two very prevalent evils of to-day, namely the liquor and tobacco habits, and strongly advised the boys to steer clear of those, at the same time producing some convincing arguments that such should be the case. All were well pleased with the sermon, and if reformation does not commence on the "purity" line, it is certainly not the fault of the preacher.

### Springbrook.

From our own correspondent.

Under the favorable weather seeding is progressing rapidly. Farmers in this vicinity will soon be through with wheat sowing.

The mosquitoes are reviving under the genial influence of spring. A familiar hum has already been noticed.

Mr. James Bourns has returned from Ontario. Mr. Bourns has been in poor health for some time, but his many friends will be glad to know that he is improving.

Mr. Archie Matheson spent Sunday in Springbrook.

The Sunday School opened on Sunday last for the summer months. We hope a lively interest will be maintained in this good work.

The meeting of the Literary Society was postponed until after seeing the next topic for discussion. By arrangement.

## AN OPPORTUNITY



If you will come in and inspect our new goods, your own intelligence will convince you of their merit. We show the finest assortment of the newest dress goods, all in suit lengths.

The choicest Gingham, Prints, and the Latest Pattern in Art Muslins.

Lace Curtains, Bonneties at 50c per set. Come and see for yourself. No trouble to show goods.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP & Co

S. H. Caswell & Co.,  
BANKERS,

Financial and Insurance Agents

COLLECTIONS SOLICITED—RETURNS PROMPTLY MADE.

Four Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Deposit Accounts.

CORRESPONDENTS:  
MOLSON'S BANK, Winnipeg.  
Drafts paid at par in all parts of Canada at the Molson's Bank.

Cheques and Drafts for all parts of the World Bought and Sold.

Qu'Appelle Station. - - A 222.

## ARRIVED

ON MAY 3RD

One car load of

Canadian Horses,

and one car load of

HEIFERS & BULLS,

Johnston's Creamer

Feed and sale Stables,  
QU'APPELLE STATION.

## The Progress

One year for \$1.00 in advance; \$1.25 for 6 months; and \$1.50 if not paid till after 6 months.

Summary of the 54th Annual Report of the  
**NEW-YORK LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.**  
JOHN A. McCALL, President.

New Insurance Paid for in 1898, \$152,063,336. Total Assets, \$215,941,811. Net Gain in Insurance Force, \$67,000,195. Total Paid for Insurance in Force January 1st, 1899, \$944,021,120.

	1897	1898	INCREASE
Total new premiums and annuities	\$6,629,815	\$7,709,502	\$1,079,687
Renewal premiums	26,331,143	27,931,742	1,600,599
Interest, rents, etc.	8,812,124	9,799,308	987,184
Total income	41,773,082	45,439,916	3,666,834
Death claims			
Endowments and annuities	\$14,052,909	\$15,309,978	\$1,257,069
Dividends and other payments to policy holders	6,355,546	6,198,887	156,659
Loans to policy holders during the year 1898, at 5 per cent. interest	3,777,967	4,013,544	235,577
Total to policy holders	24,186,422	25,522,409	1,335,987
ASSETS			
Insurance in force January 1, 1899	\$39,094,440	\$45,914,811	\$6,820,371
Total number of policies in force	277,029-02	311,721-32	34,692-30
	352,938	377,354	24,416
LIABILITIES			
Additional policy reserve voluntarily set aside by the Company	\$40,372,031	\$2,808,625	
Reserve reserve for voluntarily set aside by the Company		26,414,234	
Other funds for all other contingencies		8,623,319	\$1,204,160

### PARTICULAR NOTICE.

3. No policy or sum of insurance is included in the Company's report for 1898, as new issues or otherwise, except where the annual premium therefor, as provided by the contract, has been paid to the Company in cash.  
4. The rate of interest on the total amount of admitted invested assets was 4.84 per cent, which is higher than that of 1897.  
5. During the year the Company placed over \$17,000,000 more new insurance than it did in 1897.

The New York Life Insurance Company is composed of over 350,000 policy holders who ARE the Company, who OWN the Company, and who ALONE receive the PROFITS of the Company.

Intending accountants will do well to examine the new Matchless Accumulation Policy of the New York Life, with Maximum Dividend, before placing their insurance elsewhere. For further particulars see our District Manager, Mr. H. F. Boyce. This is the strongest Life Insurance Company in the world.

It is cash dividends declared for 1898 amount to \$2,913,638. This is a larger sum than that of 1896. The Company being a mutual one, every dollar of this large sum will be drawn by the policy holders themselves during the year 1899. In 1898 the sum was distributed to its policy holders in dividends a larger sum than did any other American Life Insurance Company in that year.

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We Have an Assortment of Clothing Second to None

PRICES AWAY DOWN.

You Cannot Realize the Value we are Offering, Unless You Call, and if in Want of Clothing

We Can Please You From \$4.00 Up

YOURS FOR ALL CLOTHING

C. T. BAILEY & CO.

## NEW TAILOR SHOP

HAVING purchased the good will and business of J. A. Truitt we are now prepared to suit the public in Tailor-made Garments

New Lot of Samples

To select from in fancy VESTINGS, PANTINGS, IMPORTED TWEED WORSTEDS and SE. GEN. in the latest fashions. All work guaranteed. A. solicited.

W. J. RICHARDSON,

MACKENZIE BLOCK, QU'APPELLE STATION.

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D. BROWN, Wholesale and Retail Butchers.

TOP PRICE GIVEN FOR Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Poultry

Fresh Killed Meats and a Full Supply of Cured Meats Always Hand. Give us a call.

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THE EQUITABLE and LOAN ASSOCIATION, of Toronto

are offering the Most ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS to Borrowers on HOUSE PROPERTY.

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## A GENERAL BUTCHER BUSINESS

Always on hand:

Fresh and Salt Meats. Beef, Pork, Mutton, etc.

FARMERS

The Highest Cash Price Paid for Good Beef Cattle, Pigs, Sheep, etc.

I am here to STAY. A share of your patronage solicited.

GEO. AMBLER, Main Street, Qu'Appelle Station.